Echoes and Reflections: Addressing Common Core State Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies 6-12

Lesson 9: Perpetrators, Collaborators, and Bystanders

Part One: Perpetrators and Collaborators

Reading Standards Grades 9-10

RH.6-8.1 Cite specific textual

Grades 6-8

evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.

RH.6-8.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

RH.6-8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.

RH.6-8.5 Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).

RH.6-8.6 Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).

RH.6-8.7 Integrate visual information (e.g., charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.

RH.6-8.8 Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned argument in a text.

RH.6-8.9 Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.

RH.9-10-1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.

attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. RH.9-10.2 Determine the central

ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text.

RH.9-10.3 Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.

RH.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social studies.

RH.9-10.7 Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text.

RH.9-10.8 Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.

RH.9-10.9 Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources.

Grades 11-12

RH.11-12.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole.

RH.11-12.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas.

RH.11-12.3 Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RH.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text.

RH.11-12.5 Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole.

RH.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Part One: Perpetrators and Collaborators (continued)			
Reading Standards (continued)			
Grades 6-8	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12	
		RH.11-12.8 Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information.	
		RH.11-12.9 Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources.	
Part Two: War Crimes Trials			
	Reading Standards		
Grades 6-8	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12	
RH.6-8.1 Cite specific textual	RH.9-10.1 Cite specific textual	RH.11-12.1 Cite specific textual	
evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources,	evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources,	
RH.6-8.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an	attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. RH.9-10.2 Determine the central	connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole.	
accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the	RH.11-12.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear	
RH.6-8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary	course of the text. RH.9-10.3 Analyze in detail a series	the relationship among the key details and ideas.	
specific to domains related to history/social studies. RH.6-8.5 Describe how a text	of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply	RH.11-12.3 Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation	
presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	preceded them. RH.9-10.4 Determine the meaning	best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.	
• •	of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary	RH.11-12.4 Determine the	
RH.6-8.6 Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of	describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social studies.	meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and	
particular facts). RH.6-8.7 Integrate visual information (e.g., charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	RH.9-10.5 Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.	refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text.	

Part Two: War Crimes Trials (continued)			
Reading Standards (continued)			
Grades 6-8	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12	
RH.6-8.8 Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text. RH.6-8.9 Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	RH.9-10.6 Compare the point of view of two ore more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts.	RH.11-12.5 Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole.	
	RH.9-10.8 Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.	RH.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.	
	RH.9-10.9 Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary		
	sources.	RH.11-12.8 Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. RH.11-12.9 Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources.	
Writing Standards			
Grades 6-8	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12	
WHST.6-8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	WHST.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	whst.11-12.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
Part Three: Bystanders			
Reading Standards			
Grades 6-8	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12	
RH.6-8.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	RH.9-10.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.	RH.11-12.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole	

Part Three: Bystanders (continued)

Reading Standards (continued)

Grades 6-8

Grades 9-10

Grades 11-12

RH.6-8.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

RH.6-8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.

RH.6-8.5 Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).

RH.6-8.6 Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).

RH.6-8.7 Integrate visual information (e.g., charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.

RH.6-8.8 Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.

RH.6-8.9 Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.

RH.9-10.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text.

RH.9-10.3 Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.

RH.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social studies.

RH.9-10.5 Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.

RH.9-10.6 Compare the point of view of two ore more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts.

RH.9-10.8 Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.

RH.9-10.9 Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources.

RH.11-12.2 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationship among the key details and ideas.

RH.11-12.3 Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RH.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text.

RH.11-12.5 Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole.

RH.11-12.6 Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence.

RH.11-12.8 Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information.

RH.11-12.9 Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources.

Part Three: Bystanders (continued)

Writing Standards

Grades 6-8

Grades 9-10

Grades 11-12

WHST.6-8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

WHST.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

WHST.11-12.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Part Four: Holocaust Denial

Writing Standards

Grades 6-8

Grades 9-10 Grades 11-12

WHST.6-8.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

WHST.6-8.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusion of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.6-8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

WHST.9-10.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

whst.9-10.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.11-12.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.